Honeywell

Hydrogen fluoride (100 %)

10184963

Version 4.9 Revision Date 10/26/2020 Print Date 09/09/2023

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Hydrogen fluoride (100 %)

Number : 00000000034

Product Use Description : Chemical derivatives, Alkylation catalyst

Note : Synonyms: HF, Anhydrous HF, AHF, Hydrogen Fluoride, HF

Acid

For additional information, please visit http://www.HFacid.com

(available 24 hours/day, 7days/week).

Manufacturer or supplier's

details

Honeywell International Inc.

115 Tabor Road

Morris Plains, NJ 07950-2546

For more information call : 1-800-622-5002

+1-973-455-6300(Monday-Friday, 9:00am-5:00pm)

In case of emergency call : Medical: 1-800-498-5701 or +1-303-389-1414

Transportation (CHEMTREC): 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-

527-3887

:

(24 hours/day, 7 days/week)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Form : Colourless fuming liquid

Color : clear

Odor : intolerable pungent

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the : Acute toxicity, Category 2, Oral

substance or mixture Acute toxicity, Category 2, Inhalation Acute toxicity, Category 1, Dermal

Skin corrosion, Category 1A

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Serious eye damage, Category 1

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(s) :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing.
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/

doctor.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

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Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal

plant.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: Causes severe burns which may not be immediately painful or

visible.

May cause hypocalcemia (depletion of calcium in the body)

which may be fatal.

Specialized medical treatment is required for all exposures.

Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms : Hydrofluoric acid, anhydrous, HF anhydrous

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	<=100.00 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Get

competent medical attention immediately. If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration at once. An authorized person should administer oxygen to a victim who is having difficulty breathing, until the victim is able to breathe easily by himself. Calcium gluconate, 2.5% in normal saline may be given by nebulizer with oxygen. Do not give stimulants unless instructed to do so by a physician. Victim should be examined by a physician and held under observation for at least 24

hours.

Skin contact : Remove the victim from the contaminated area and

immediately wash the burned area with plenty of water for a

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minimum of 15 minutes. Limit washing to 5 minutes if treatment specific for HF exposure is available. Remove all contaminated clothing while washing continuously. After thorough washing for at least 5 minutes, the burned area should be immersed in a solution of 0.13% iced aqueous Benzalkonium Chloride until pain is relieved. As an alternate first aid treatment, 2.5% calcium gluconate gel may be continuously massaged into the burn area until the pain is relieved. For burns not responsive to topical treatment (as measured by pain being present for longer than 30 minutes) a physician may inject 2.5% - 5% aqueous calcium gluconate beneath, around and in the burned area. Use of local anesthetics is not recommended, as reduction in pain is an indicator of effectiveness of treatment.

Eye contact

Immediately flush the eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of gently flowing water. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eye during irrigation to allow thorough flushing of the eyes. Do not use the benzalkonium chloride (Zephiran) solutions described for skin treatment. If the person is wearing contact lenses, the lenses should be removed, if possible. However, flushing with water should not be interrupted, and the lenses should be removed by a person who is qualified to do so. If sterile 1% calcium gluconate solution is available, water washing may be limited to 5 minutes, after which the 1% calcium gluconate solution should be used to irrigate the eye using a syringe or a continuous irrigation device. Take the victim to a doctor, preferably an eye specialist, as soon as possible. Ice water compresses may be applied to the eyes while transporting the victim to the doctor. If a physician is not immediately available, apply one or two drops of 0.5% tetracaine hydrochloride, 0.5% proparacaine, or other aqueous, topical ophthalmic anesthetic and continue irrigation. Use no other medications unless instructed to do so by a physician. Rubbing of the eyes is to be avoided.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Do not give emetics or baking soda. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention. Ingestion of HF is a lifethreatening emergency.

Notes to physician

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Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary For large skin area burns (totaling greater than 25 square inches), for ingestion and for significant inhalation exposure, severe systemic effects may occur. Monitor and correct for hypocalcemia, cardiac arrhythmias, hypomagnesemia and hyperkalemia. In some cases hemodialysis may be indicated. For certain burns, especially of the digits, use of intra-arterial calcium gluconate may be indicated. For inhalation exposures, treat as chemical pneumonia. Monitor for hypocalcemia. 2.5% calcium gluconate in normal saline by nebulizer or by intermittent positive pressure breathing with 100% oxygen may decrease pulmonary damage. Bronchodilators may also be administered. A booklet titled "Recommended Medical Treatment for Hydrofluoric Acid Exposure" is available from the

Honeywell HF website: http://www.HFacid.com.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

On dilution or dissolving in water, considerable heating always

occurs.

Contact with a relatively small quantity of water creates violent reaction generating much heat and spattering of hot acid

If use of water is necessary use copious amounts

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Reacts violently with water.

Do not direct water spray at the point of leakage. Contact with metals liberates hydrogen gas.

Hydrogen gas is flammable and may form an explosive

atmosphere.

Diking with silicon materials is to be avoided. May form Silicon

tetrafluoride gas.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Personal protection through wearing a tightly closed chemical

protection suit and a self-contained breathing apparatus.

No unprotected exposed skin areas.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Immediately contact emergency personnel.

Ensure all affected individuals are in a safe environment. Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons must be kept away.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Personal protection through wearing a tightly closed chemical protection suit and a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Ensure all equipment (including Personal Protective Equipment)

(PPE)) is compatible with Hydrofluoric acid (HF).

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning

up

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Diking with silicon materials is to be avoided. May form Silicon tetrafluoride gas.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water

spray (fog).

Do not direct water spray at the point of leakage. Use water spray cautiously and in large quantities.

With acids neutralization takes place under development of

heat.

Do not pick up with the help of saw-dust or other combustible

substances.

Neutralize acidity with an appropriate alkaline material. Neutralize with caustics, lime, soda ash, baking soda or other

appropriate alkaline material. Pay attention to the incompatibility statements in Section 10 when effecting

neutralization.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

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Precautions for safe

handling

Wear personal protective equipment.

Exhaust ventilation at the object is necessary.

Ensure all equipment (including Personal Protective Equipment

(PPE)) is compatible with Hydrofluoric acid (HF). Perform filling operations only at stations with exhaust

ventilation facilities.

Specialized medical treatment is required for all exposures. Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product. When diluting, add acids to water, never the other way around.

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Storage

Conditions for safe storage.

including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated

place.

Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or

authorised persons.

Prevent unauthorized access. Protect from physical damage.

Store away from incompatible substances.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective measures : Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product. Ensure all equipment (including Personal Protective Equipment

(PPE)) is compatible with Hydrofluoric acid (HF).

Engineering measures : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational

exposure limits.

Eye protection : Wear as appropriate:

Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes

Hand protection : Protective gloves

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Gloves must be inspected prior to use.

Replace when worn.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective equipment.

complete suit protecting against chemicals

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

Have available emergency self-contained breathing apparatus

or full-face airline respirator when using this chemical.

Hygiene measures : When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

Provide adequate ventilation. Keep working clothes separately.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.
Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

This material has an established AIHA ERPG exposure limit. The current list of ERPG exposure limits can be found at http://www.aiha.org/insideaiha/GuidelineDevelopment/ERPG/D

ocuments/2011erpgweelhandbook_table-only.pdf.

Exposure Guidelines

Exposure Guidein	100				
Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Upda te	Basis
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	TWA: Time weighted average	(0.5 ppm)	2008	ACGIH:US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended
Further : information	Expressed as : as	F			

Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	Conc : Concentr ation:	(30 ppm) NIOSH IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations)	2005	NIOSH/GUIDE:US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended
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on 4.9	R	evision Date	10/26/2020		Print Date 09/09/2
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	SKIN_DE S : Skin designati on:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	2008	ACGIH:US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended
Further : information	Expressed as : as	s F	1		1
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	Ceiling : Ceiling Limit Value:	(2 ppm)	2008	ACGIH:US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values, as amended
Further : information	Expressed as : as	s F			
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	REL: Recomm ended exposure limit (REL):	2.5 mg/m3 (3 ppm)	2005	NIOSH/GUIDE:US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	Ceil_Tim e: Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified) :	5 mg/m3 (6 ppm)	2005	NIOSH/GUIDE:US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, as amended
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	PEL: Permissi ble exposure limit	2.5 mg/m3	02 2006	OSHA_TRANS:US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended
	1	1	1	1	1

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Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	TWA: Time weighted average	(3 ppm)	1989	Z1A:US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended
Further : information	Expressed as : as	F			

Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	STEL: Short term exposure limit	(6 ppm)	1989	Z1A:US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended
Further : information	Expressed as : as	F			

Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	TWA: Time weighted average	(3 ppm)	02 2006	OSHA/Z2:US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000), as amended
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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : Colourless fuming liquid

Color : clear

Odor : intolerable pungent

pH : Note: acidic

Melting point/range : -83 °C

Boiling point/boiling range : 19.5 °C at 1,013 hPa

Flash point : Note: Not applicable

Flammability : Not applicable

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Lower explosion limit : Note: Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : Note: Not applicable

Vapor pressure : 102.8 kPa

at 20 °C(68 °F)

Vapor density : 2.21 at 20 °C

Density : ca. 1.000 g/cm3 at 20 °C

Water solubility : Note: completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Note: No data available

Ignition temperature : Note: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : Note: not auto-flammable

Decomposition temperature : Note: Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of

packages.

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : 20.01 g/mol

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

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Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Incompatible materials : Glass and silicate-containing materials are attacked.

HF contact with glass, concrete and other silicon bearing materials will yield silicon tetrafluoride gas. Pressure buildup from this process has been known to rupture glass containers. HF contact with carbonates, sulfides and cyanides yield toxic gases such as carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide and hydrogen cyanide. Contact with alkalies and some oxides cause strong violent exothermic reactions. Contact with metals will yield

hydrogen gas, a fire and explosive reactive hazard.

On dilution or dissolving in water, considerable heating always

occurs.

When diluting, add acids to water, never the other way

around.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity : Note: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 2240 ppm

Exposure time: 1 h Species: Rat, male

Acute dermal toxicity : Note: No data available

Eye irritation : Note: No data available

Sensitisation : Note: No data available

Further information : Note: Causes severe burns which may not be immediately

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painful or visible. The potential delay in clinical signs or

symptoms for dilute solutions is given below.

HF Concentration (Delay in Symptoms)

>50% (Immediately Apparent)

20%-50% (1-8 hours)

0%-20% (Up to 24 hours) Symptoms might include pain,

redness of the skin and possible tissue

destruction. Hydrofluoric Acid will penetrate skin and attack underlying tissues. May cause hypocalcemia (depletion of calcium in the body) which may be fatal. Chronic exposure to fluoride has been reported to result in tooth mottling in children, bone fluorosis, and sometimes osteosclerosis in

adults and children.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish : 60 mg/l

Species: Freshwater fish

Note: Lethal

Toxicity to algae : Note: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria : Note: No data available

Elimination information (persistence and degradability)

Biodegradability : Note: Not applicable

Further information on ecology

Additional ecological

information

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods : Observe all Federal, State, and Local Environmental

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regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN/ID No. : UN 1052

Proper shipping name : HYDROGEN FLUORIDE, ANHYDROUS

Poison Inhalation Hazard Hazard zone C

Class 8
Packing group I
Hazard Labels 8 (6.1)

IATA UN/ID No. : UN 1052

Class : 8

Not permitted for transport

IMDG UN/ID No. : UN 1052

Description of the goods : HYDROGEN FLUORIDE, ANHYDROUS

Class : 8
Packaging group : I
Hazard Labels : 8 (6.1)
EmS Number : F-C, S-U
Marine pollutant : no
IMDG Code segregation group 1 – ACIDS,

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Inventories

US. Toxic Substances

Control Act

: On TSCA Inventory

Australia. Industrial

Chemical (Notification and

Assessment) Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

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List

Korea. Existing Chemicals

Inventory (KECI)

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control

Act

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

China. Inventory of Existing **Chemical Substances**

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

(IECSC)

New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published by ERMA New

Zealand

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

National regulatory information

US. EPA CERCLA

Hazardous Substances (40

CFR 302)

: The following component(s) of this product is/are subject to release reporting under 40 CFR 302 when release exceeds the

Reportable Quantity (RQ):

Reportable quantity: 100 lbs

: Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3

SARA 302 Components : The following components are subject to reporting levels

> established by SARA Title III, Section 302: : Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3

: The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

: Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

> Chronic Health Hazard Reactivity Hazard

CERCLA Reportable

SARA 313 Components

Quantity

: 100 lbs

CERCLA Reportable

Quantity

: 100 lbs

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California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals, listed below, known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Arsenic 7440-38-2
Sulphur dioxide 7446-09-5

Massachusetts RTK : Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3

: Sulphur dioxide 7446-09-5: Arsenic 7440-38-2

New Jersey RTK : Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3

Pennsylvania RTK : Hydrogen fluoride 7664-39-3

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

	HMIS III	NFPA
Health hazard	: 4*	4
Flammability	: 0	0
Physical Hazard	: 1	
Instability	:	1

* - Chronic health hazard

Hazard rating and rating systems (e.g. HMIS® III, NFPA): This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular system.

Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. This information should not constitute a guarantee for any specific product properties.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous

SAFETY DATA SHEET		Honeywell
Hydrogen fluoride (100 %	%)	
10184963		
Version 4.9	Revision Date 10/26/2020	Print Date 09/09/2023
versions. Previous Issue Date: 11/06/2019 Prepared by Honeywell Perform	5 ance Materials and Technologies F	Product Stewardship Group
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